

TEST OF ENGLISH

In questions 1-10, choose the best word or phrase that fills the space. (2 X 20 = 40 pts)

1. The tourism sector suffered a / an _____ during the 1970s, mainly due to the energy crisis, leading to lower costs and prices.
 - a. inflation
 - b. extension
 - c. emigration
 - d. recession
 - e. multiplication

2. In 2023, the Council of Europe Museum Prize is being _____ to the Workers Museum in Copenhagen, Denmark.
 - a. gifted
 - b. rewarded
 - c. awarded
 - d. donated
 - e. received

3. Increasingly, people are becoming _____ their contribution to some of the negative impact on the places they visit.
 - a. addicted to
 - b. aware of
 - c. responsible for
 - d. dependent on
 - e. familiar with

4. _____ one's beliefs about the creation of humans, everyone can agree our species began in some single locale, likely Africa or the Middle East, and 'travelled' outwards, settling new lands.
 - a. According to
 - b. Considering
 - c. No matter
 - d. Just as
 - e. By all means

5. Tourism _____ impacts the local economy, _____ is starting to affect the social structures, culture and lifestyle of the destinations visited.
 - a. neither / nor
 - b. either / or
 - c. so / that
 - d. not only / but also
 - e. more / more

6. The Grand Tour remained a popular cultural phenomenon amongst the rich until the 1840s, _____ saw the advent of the first widespread railway system across system Europe.
- what
 - when
 - which
 - that
 - whose
7. The very first travel agency, Cox and Kings, _____ in Great Britain in 1758, where tourism first took off.
- was founded
 - founded
 - had founded
 - had been founded
 - has founded
8. _____ Madagascar has the potential to become a mass tourism country, much of it is not fully developed and lacks infrastructure.
- After
 - When
 - Unless
 - Because
 - While
9. _____ we concentrate on reducing carbon emissions together can we hope to make our environment better.
- What if
 - Only if
 - If
 - Even if
 - As if
10. Since prehistoric times thermal springs, with their unusual colors, pungent smell and specific vapors, _____ the attention of people.
- have attracted
 - had attracted
 - attracted
 - attract
 - are attracting

In questions 11-15, choose the best word or expression to fill in the spaces in the passage.

Today, the tourism sector (11) _____ one of the great economic engines in many countries, (12) _____ part of the international political agenda. In recent years, (13) _____ low-cost flights and the existence of alternative accommodations, managed by online companies, it is (14) _____ easier for tourists to (15) _____ to travel, and they can design their itinerary and experiences to their liking.

- 11.
- a. has become
 - b. becomes
 - c. became
 - d. had become
 - e. was becoming
- 12.
- a. taking
 - b. making
 - c. forming
 - d. adding
 - e. including
- 13.
- a. for
 - b. by
 - c. in
 - d. at
 - e. with
- 14.
- a. very
 - b. much
 - c. so
 - d. such
 - e. more
- 15.
- a. sustain
 - b. provide
 - c. afford
 - d. recognize
 - e. handle

16. _____, but not necessarily what they want in the future.
- People think about what they want in this very moment
 - Saving money will certainly mean more gain for people
 - Some of us also do not think about our future needs
 - We generally misjudge what will make us happy
 - You can try to anticipate the pleasure that might come
17. Whether you are interested in the ancient or modern world, _____
- you can find art and architecture from both time periods anywhere in the Middle East
 - you can visit the old city of Jerusalem, which is home to countless Jewish, Christian and Muslim sacred sites
 - you can see the ancient cities of Harappa and Mohenjo in Pakistan dating back to 3000 BC
 - the cities of the Dead are cemeteries that have become home to thousands of the poorest people
 - The Egyptian museum is a treasure chest of mummies, statues and many other items of historic value
18. Warsaw is rich in museums and theatres, _____
- where the streets are less crowded than most European cities
 - because the inhabitants are proud of their history
 - when it finally became the capital of Poland in 1596
 - because most of them were damaged during WW II
 - so it is visited by thousands of tourists every year
19. _____ when the occupancy levels in the hotel fall off steeply.
- There are no profits to be made during winter months
 - The hotel regained its five star rating two years ago
 - Training schemes were receiving even greater attention
 - Outside temperatures reached -5 C
 - The hotel has many rooms with sea view
20. The more time you spend with the groups, _____
- there are more problems that you come across to understand their needs
 - the better you understand them
 - if you want to get to know them better
 - even though they don't want to spend time with you
 - you will learn to put up with their habits

Translate the following paragraph into Turkish. (30 pts)

Europe's most complete classical metropolis, Ephesus is an ancient site located in Aegean Turkey. By the 1st century BC, Ephesus was one of the largest cities in all of the Roman Empire, boasting one of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World, the Temple of Artemis. The ruins of Ephesus are well preserved and contained within a large archaeological site, making it one of Turkey's most popular tourist attractions.

Translate the following paragraph into English. (30 pts)

Bir açık hava arkeoloji müzesi konumundaki Hattuşa, Aşağı Şehir ve Yukarı Şehir olmak üzere iki alandan oluşmaktadır. Aşağı Şehir denilen bölgede sivil yaşam alanları yer alır. Yaşam alanlarının ortasında ise Hattuşa'nın en büyük dini yapısı olan Büyük Tapınak yükselir. İki kült odası olduğu için bu tapınağın, imparatorluğun tanrılarının en büyükleri olan Fırtına Tanrısı Teşup ile Arinna şehrinin Güneş Tanrıçası'na adanmış olduğu kabul edilir.

CEVAPLARINIZI SORU KİTAPÇIĞI ÜZERİNDE BIRAKMAYINIZ.

LÜTFEN CEVAPLARINIZI CEVAP KÂĞIDI ÜZERİNE YAZINIZ.

CEVAP ANAHTARI

1.D	8. E	15. C
2. C	9. B	16. A
3.B	10. A	17. A
4. C	11. A	18. E
5. D	12. C	19. A
6. C	13. E	20. B
7. A	14. B	

Translate the following paragraph into Turkish.

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Avrupa'nın en eksiksiz klasik metropolü olan Efes, Ege Türkiye'de bulunan antik bir sitedir. MÖ 1. yüzyılda Efes, Antik Dünyanın Yedi Harikasından biri olan Artemis Tapınağı ile övünen /'na sahip olan Roma İmparatorluğu'nun en büyük şehirlerinden biriydi. Efes harabeleri iyi korunmuş ve büyük bir arkeolojik alanın içinde yer alıyor, bu da onu Türkiye'nin en popüler turistik yerlerinden biri yapıyor.

Translate the following paragraph into English.

Bir açık hava arkeoloji müzesi konumundaki Hattuşa, Aşağı Şehir ve Yukarı Şehir olmak üzere iki alandan oluşmaktadır. Aşağı Şehir denilen bölgede sivil yaşam alanları yer alır. Yaşam alanlarının ortasında ise Hattuşa'nın en büyük dini yapısı olan Büyük Tapınak yükselir. İki küt odası olduğu için bu tapınağın, imparatorluğun tanrılarının en büyükleri olan Fırtına Tanrısı Teşup ile Arinna şehrinin Güneş Tanrıçası'na adanmış olduğu kabul edilir.

Hattusha, which is an open-air archaeological museum, consists of two areas, the Lower City and the Upper City. In the area called the Lower City, there are civilian living areas. In the middle of the living areas, the Great Temple, the largest religious structure of Hattusha, rises. Since it has two cult rooms, it is accepted that this temple was dedicated to the Storm God Tesup and the Sun Goddess of the city of Arinna, the greatest gods of the empire.